



Airtightness trends in New Zealand homes and apartments, what are we achieving, and how can we balance the ventilation needs

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Why worry about airtightness?

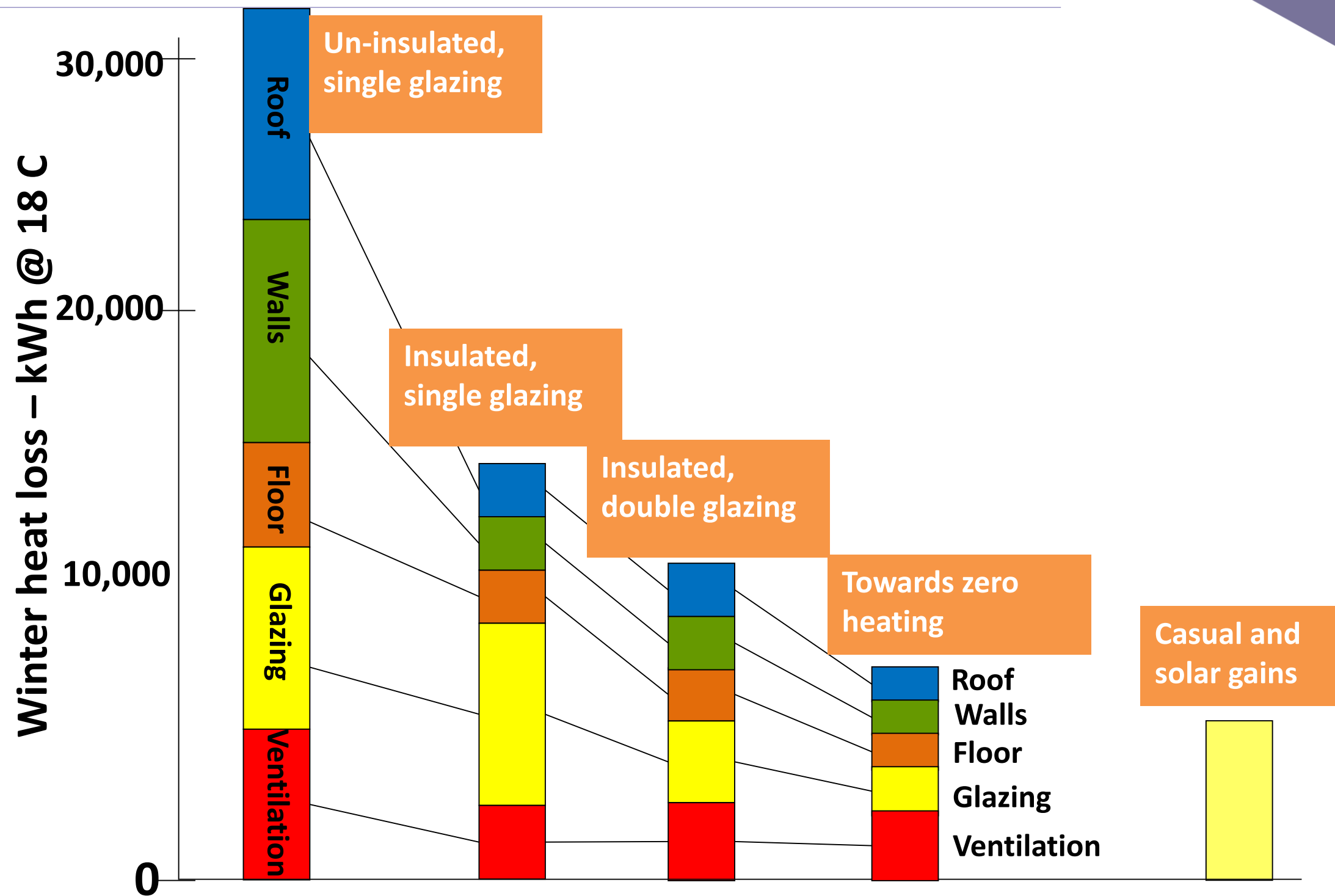
One component to providing warm, dry and healthy buildings is a reduction of energy use

By increasing insulation, and reducing air leaks, we can make significant progress from current code settings

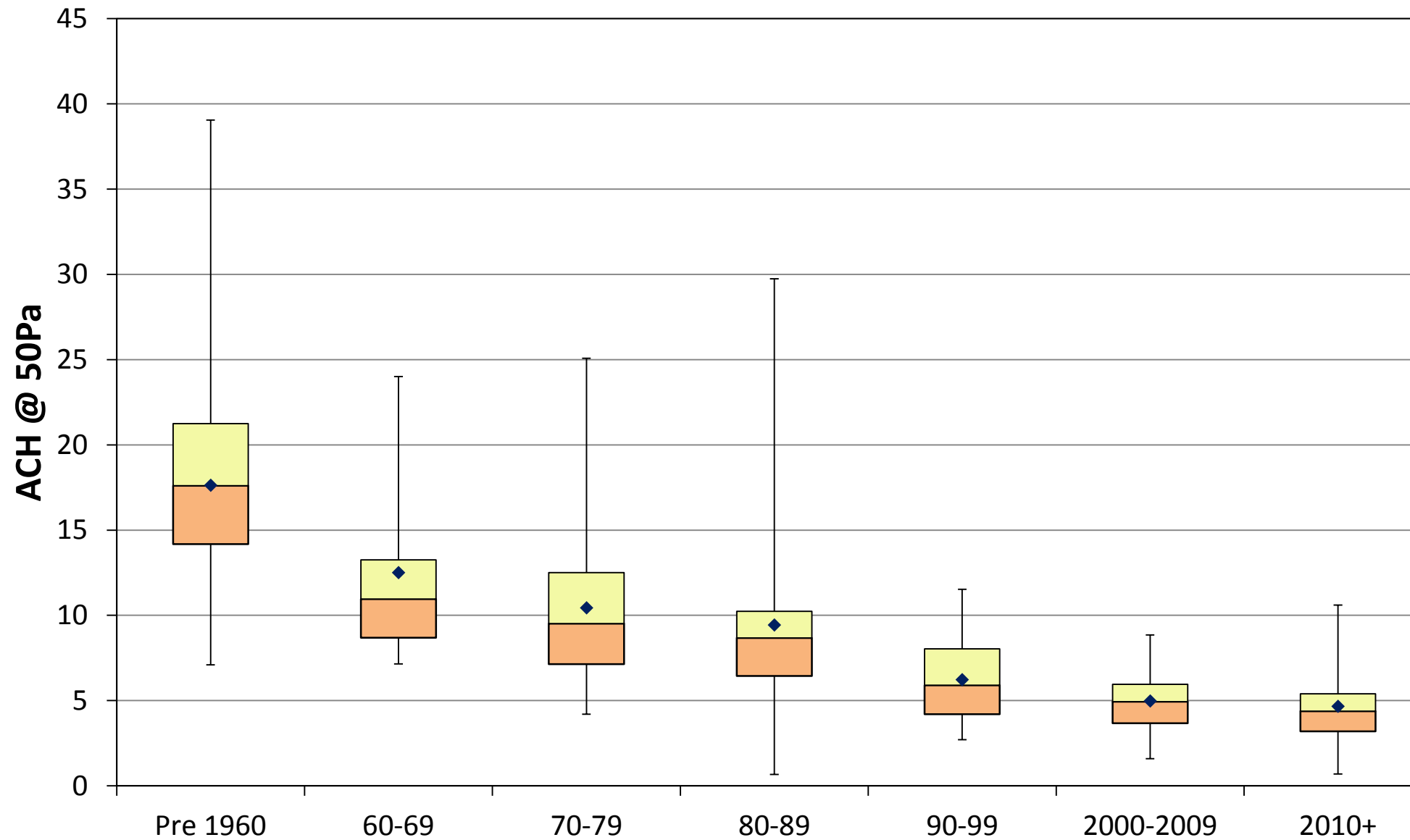
It also allows better control of ventilation



NZ Building Code and energy performance



Airtightness trends - Residential



What about apartments?

- Airtightness of apartments project aiming to find this out.
- Preliminary results for new apartments are similar to modern homes 2-3 ACH@50Pa common

Energy is only one part of the puzzle though

Insulation, heating and ventilation all need to be considered

Good IAQ and comfort needs a balance between each of these three components

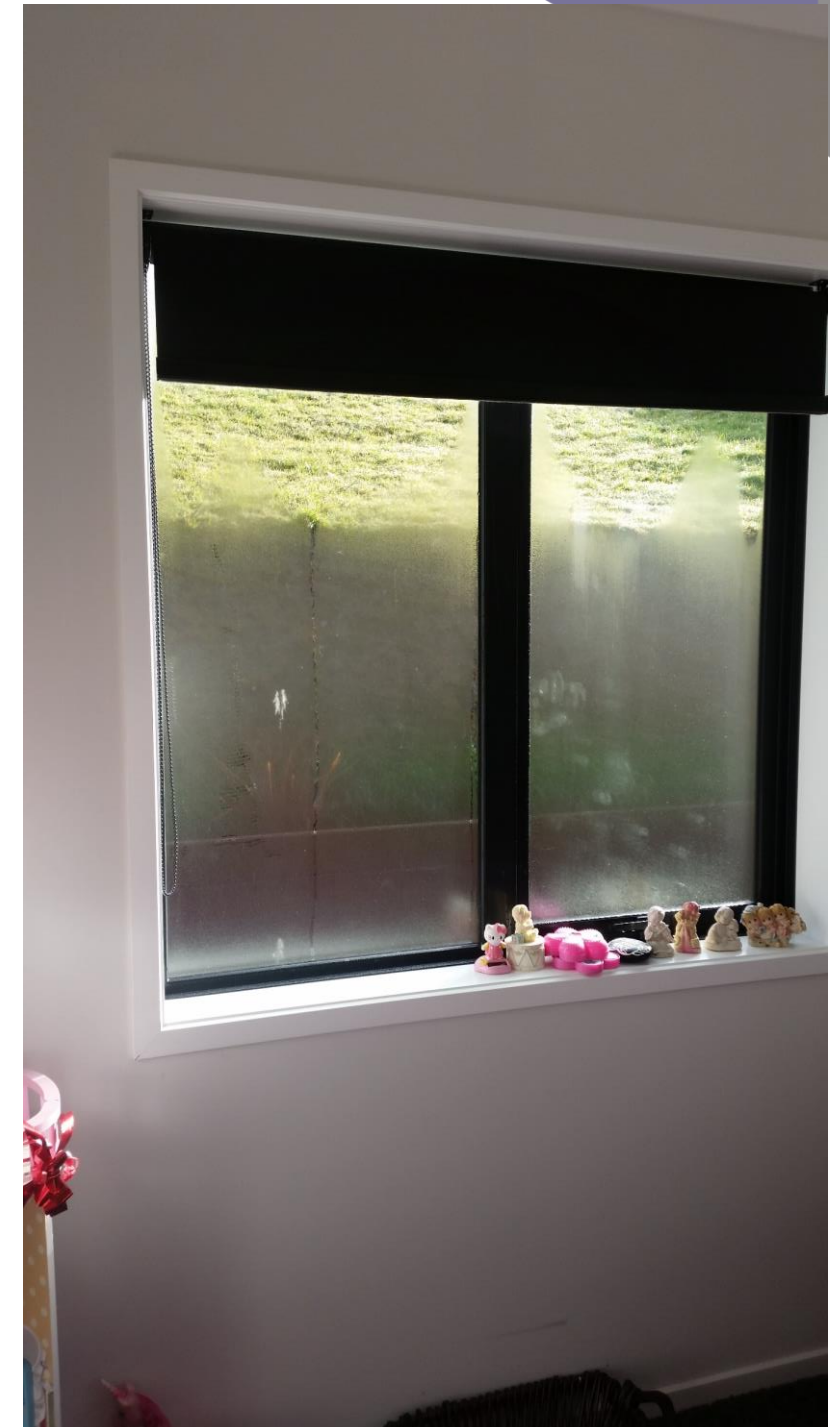
Source management particularly important for moisture

“Build tight – ventilate right”



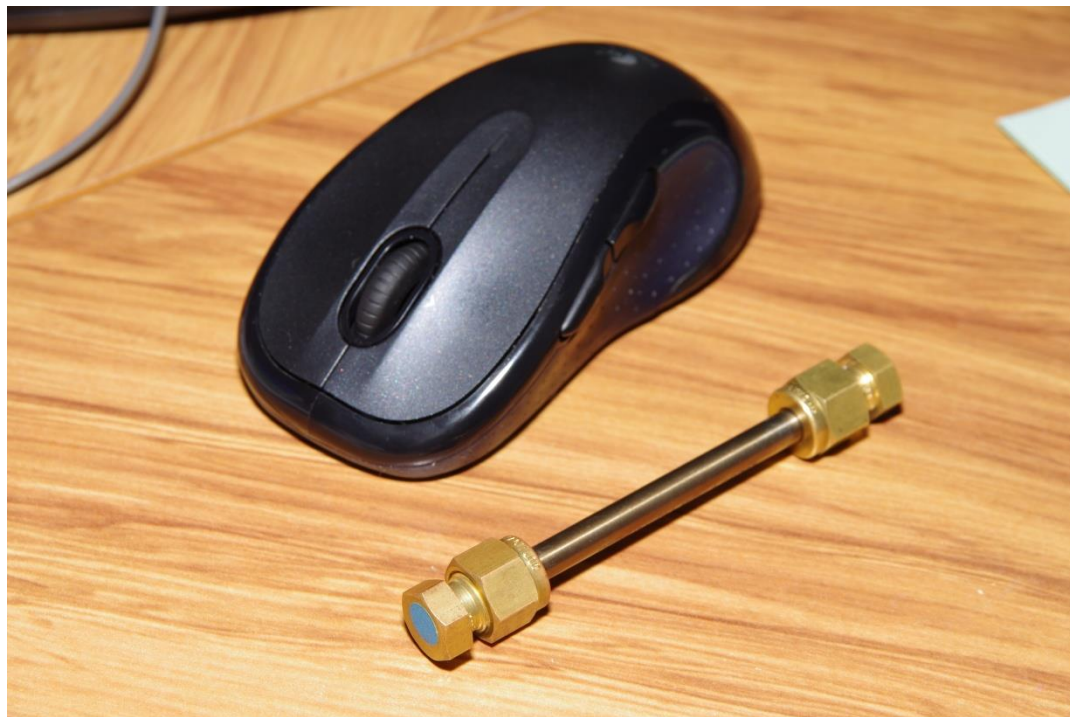
Impact of increasing airtightness

- Energy outcome is good
- Ventilation (G4) has not moved with the trend though
- Reliance on occupants to open windows...

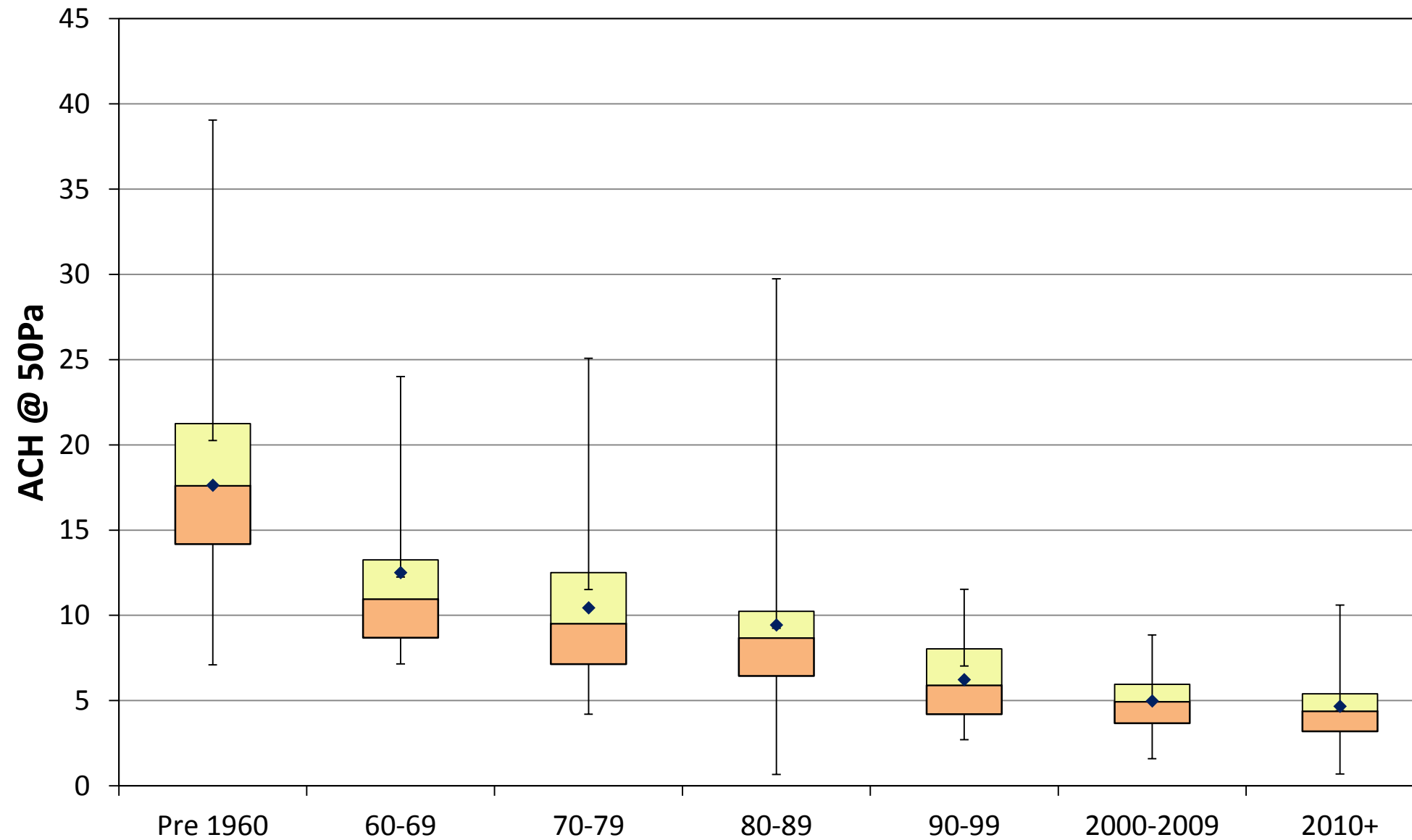


Perfluorocarbon Tracer Study

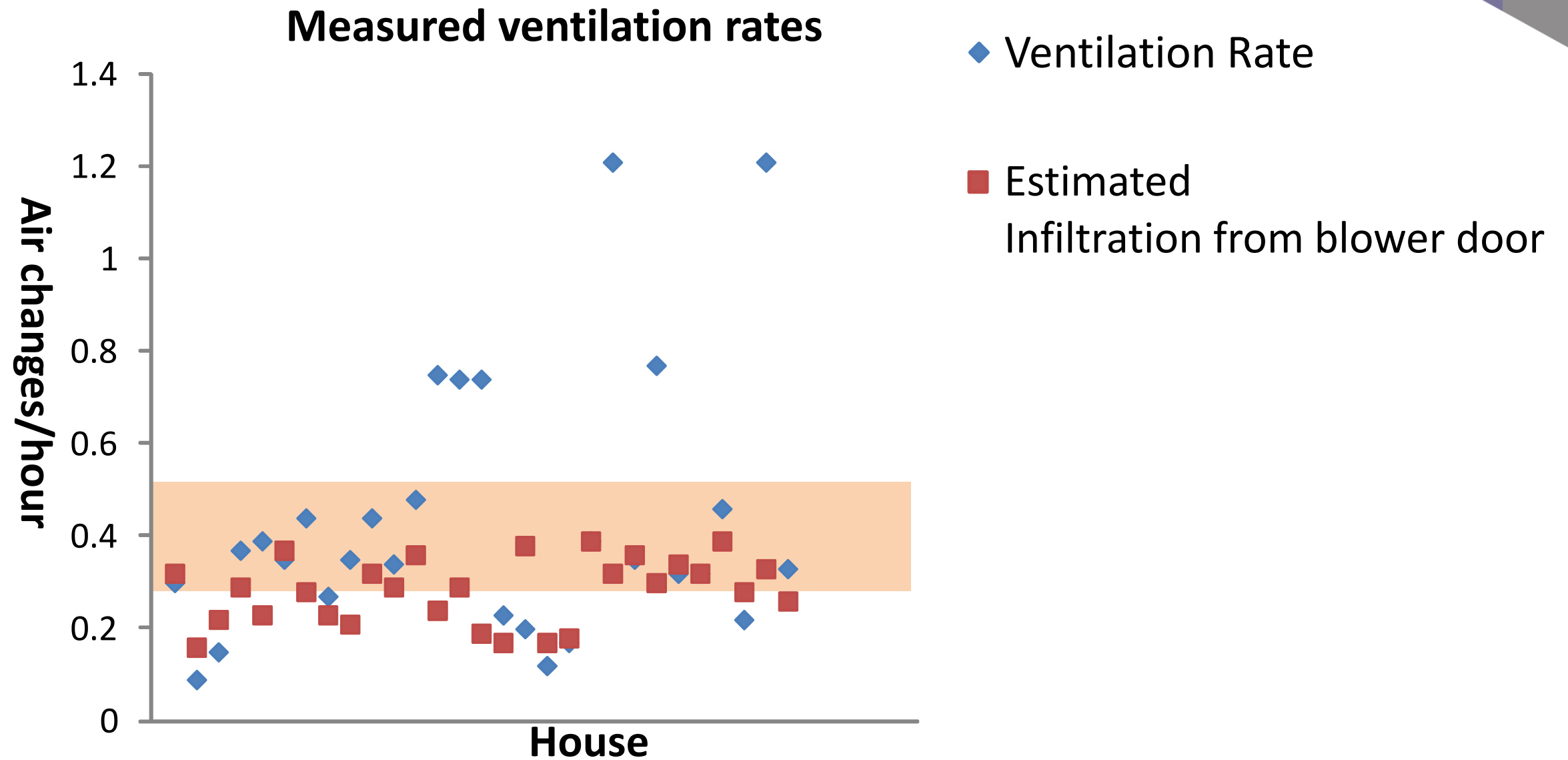
- Activated carbon samplers
- 4 Rooms
- 3-4 week exposure



Airtightness trends - Residential



Survey Results, with calculated infiltration (from WAVE)



A different metric?

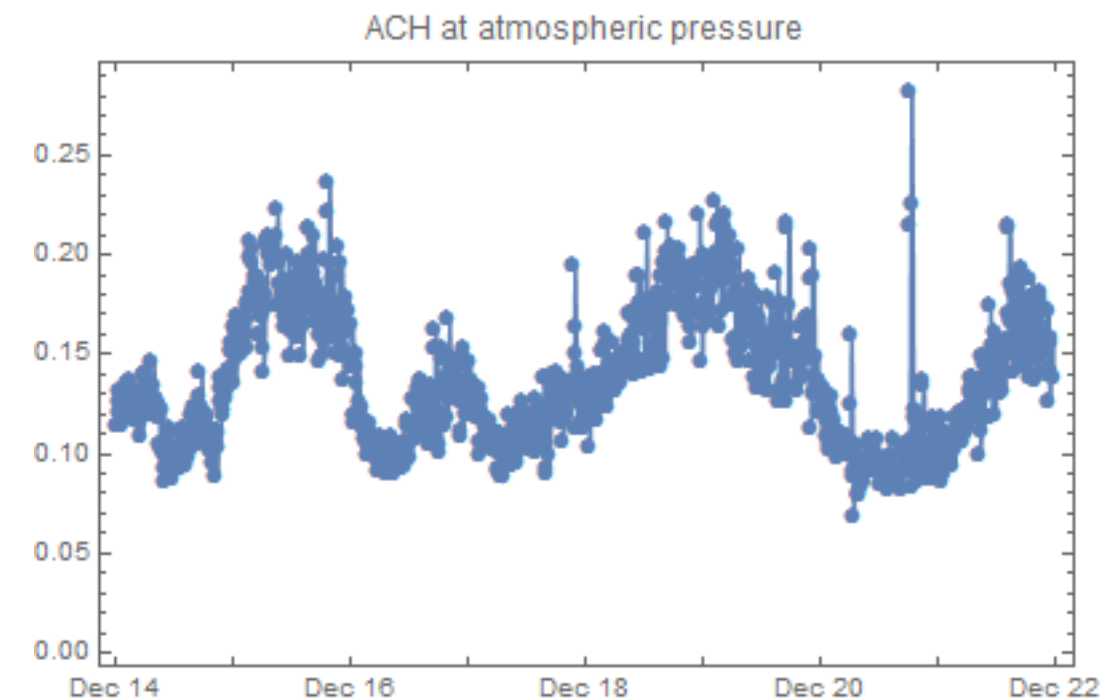
- Plenty of confusion

N50 result is NOT the average infiltration for a building

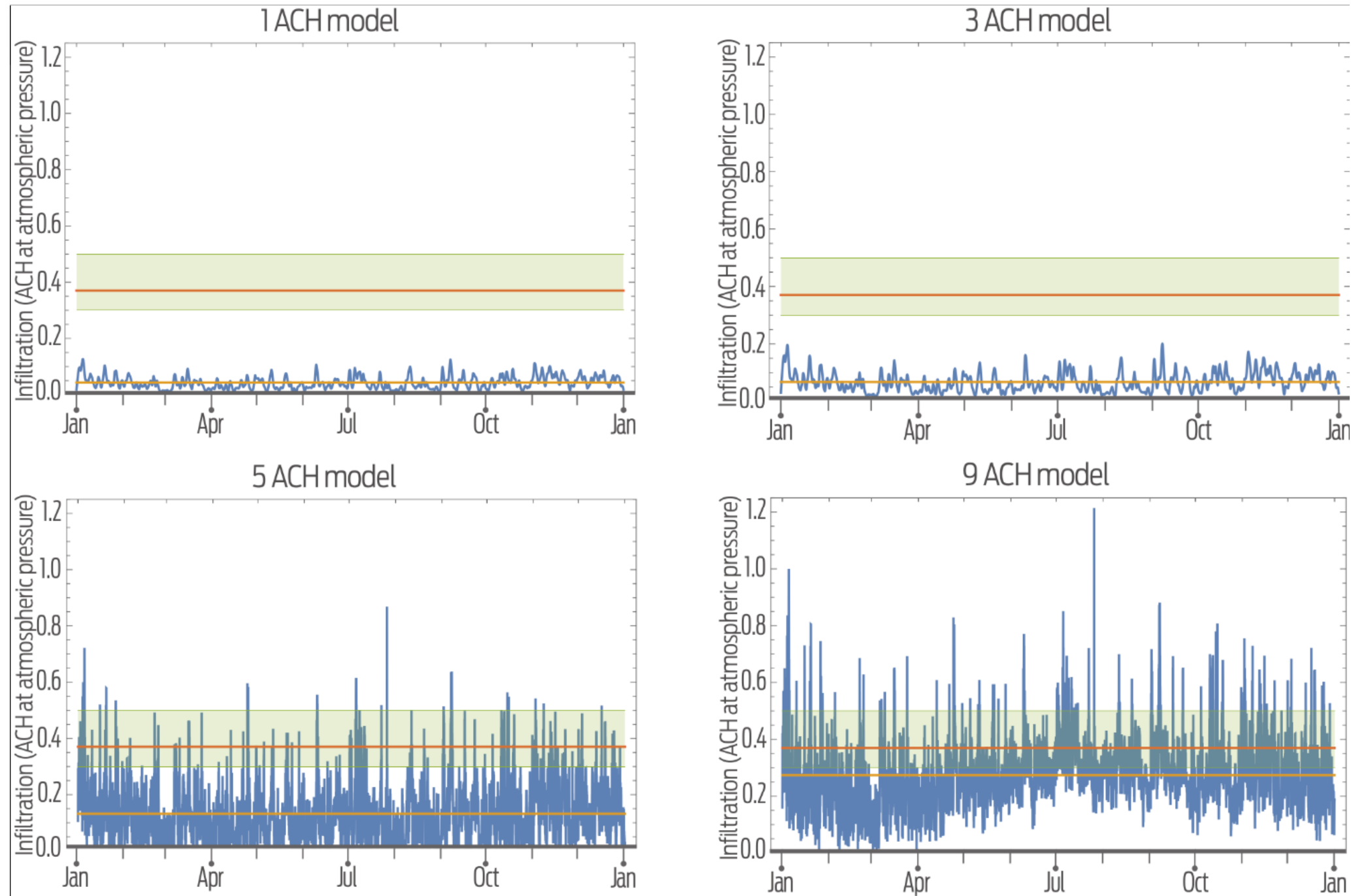
/20 'rule of thumb' to convert

But...

Closer to /40 for airtightness of 4ach@50Pa



Infiltration rates with airtightness – benchmarked



Envelope permeability instead?

- $\text{m}^3/\text{hr}/\text{m}^2@50\text{Pa}$
- Becomes a property of the surface of the building, so we can treat it like R-value, U-value
- Takes away the confusion converting n50
- Has a positive impact for larger buildings – surface area to volume ratios in these buildings makes n50 targets easier to meet

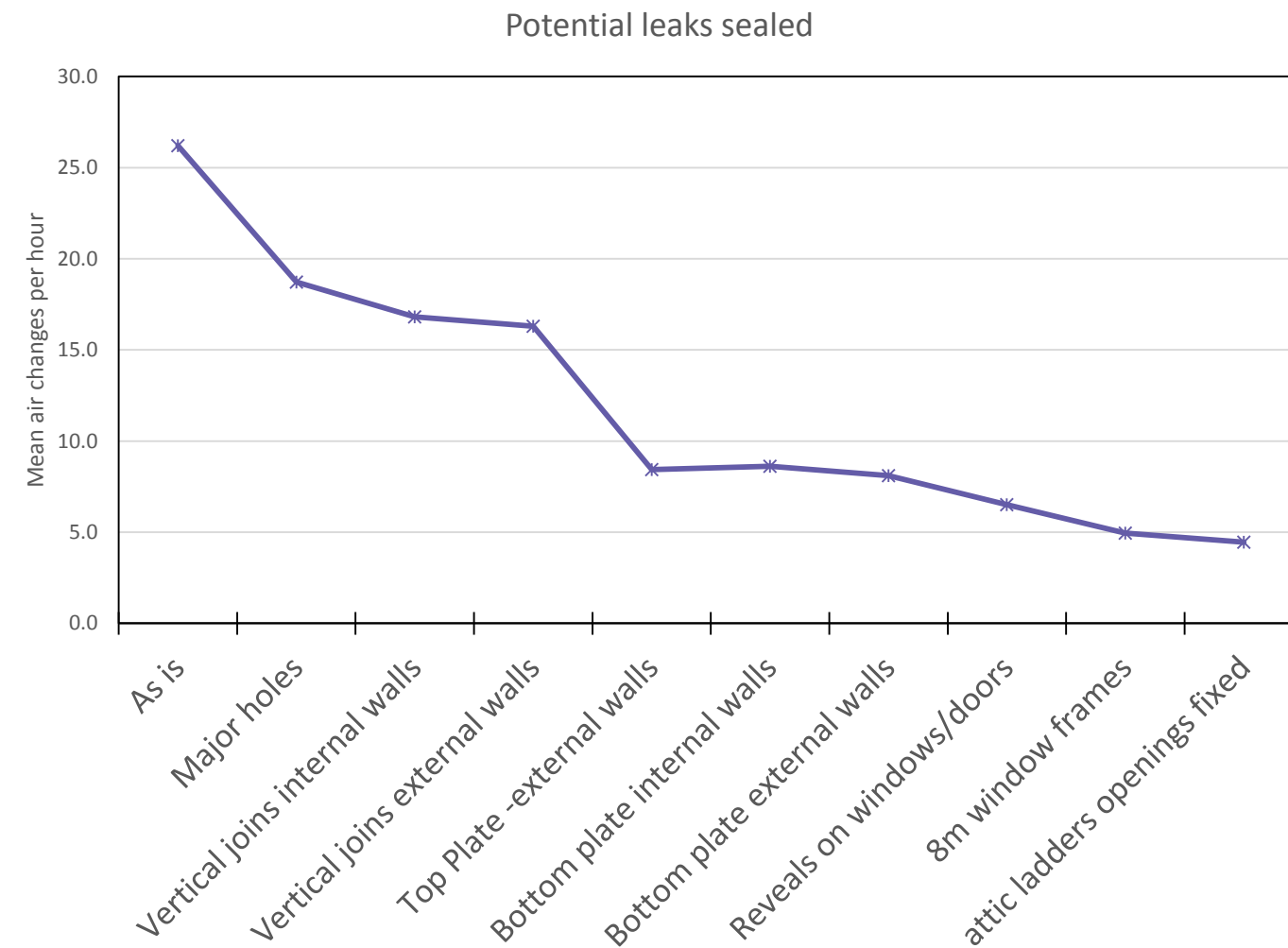
Regardless of the metric...

- More guidance needed for ventilation
- We cant leave it to be an afterthought
- Industry practice needs to improve...



Where to now?

- New builds, not much more effort needed, just education about continuity.. (particularly for more interesting buildings)
- “Build tight – ventilate right
- Older building retrofit?



Model Buildings

What is the project?

- The project comprises experimental and simulation activities to support the next generation of the building code. The work packages address a number of questions in the Warmer, Drier, Healthier Buildings and Exceeding the Minimum programmes.

